Every half a degree matters

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Every year matters

Every choice matters

## Global Warming of 1.5° C

Valérie Masson-Delmotte
Co-chair, IPCC Working Group I (Physical Science Basis)

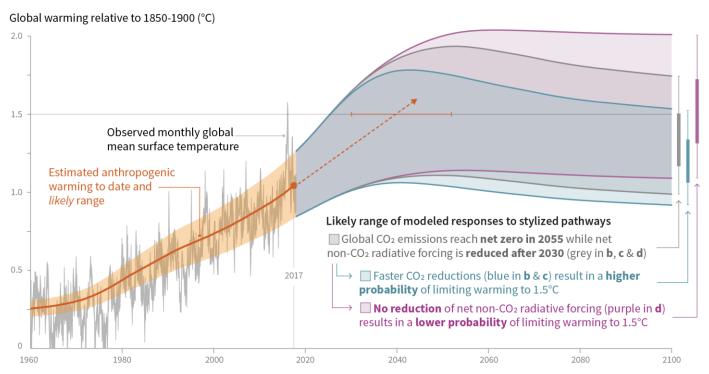






# Cumulative emissions of CO<sub>2</sub> and future non-CO<sub>2</sub> radiative forcing determine the probability of limiting warming to 1.5°C

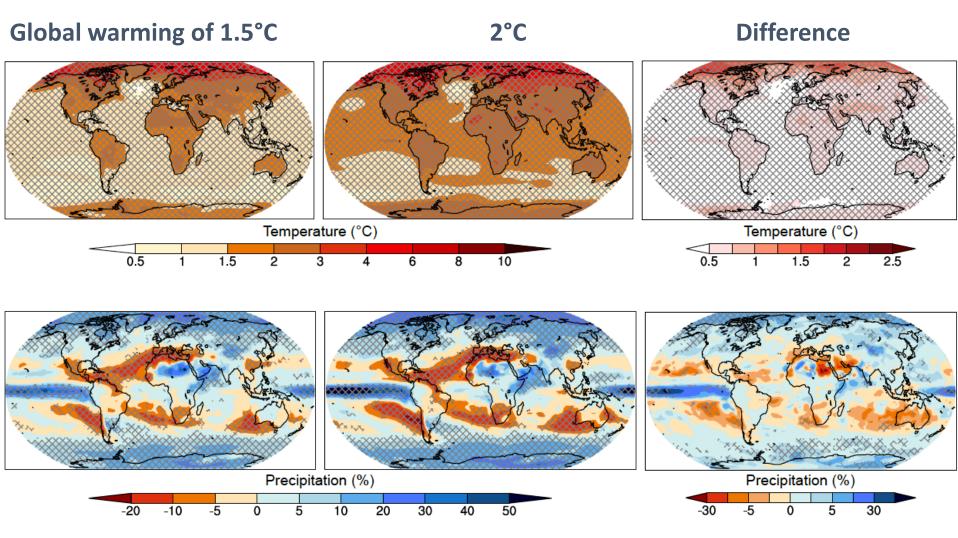
a) Observed global temperature change and modeled responses to stylized anthropogenic emission and forcing pathways







### Spatial patterns of changes in mean temperature and precipitation



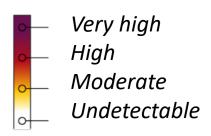
26 CMIP5 models; hatching: 66% model agreement

### Spatial patterns of changes in extreme temperature and precipitation

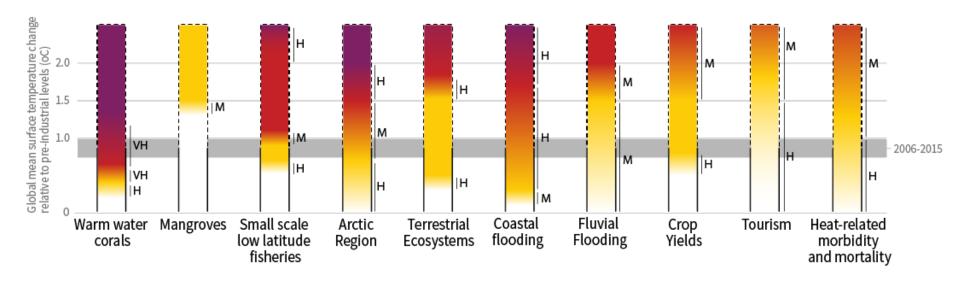
**Global warming of 1.5°C** 2°C Difference Number of hot days (days) Temperature of hottest days (°C) Temperature of coldest nights (°C) Temperature (°C) Temperature (°C) Extreme precipitation (%)

Precipitation (%)

# How do climate-related risks change as a function of the level of global warming?



#### Impacts and risks for selected natural, managed and human systems



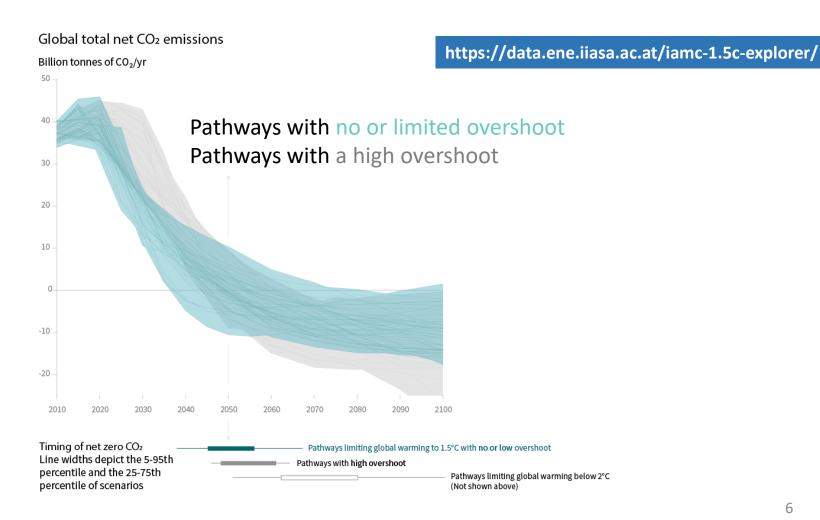
Confidence level: M, medium; H, high; VH; very high







## What are greenhouse gas emission pathways compatible with limiting warming to 1.5°C?

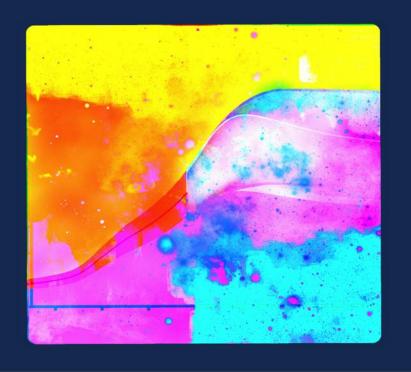






## **Global Warming of 1.5°C**

An IPCC special report on the impacts of global warming of 1.5°C above pre-industrial levels and related global greenhouse gas emission pathways, in the context of strengthening the global response to the threat of climate change, sustainable development, and efforts to eradicate poverty.



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**Every year matters** 

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